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Campaign Finance Reform Bills in the 105th Congress: Comparison of H.R. 3485 (Thomas), S. 25 (McCain-Feingold), and Current Law

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Summary

The House plans to consider campaign reform legislation—H.R. 3485 (Thomas)—reported by the House Oversight Committee on March 18, 1998. A proposed amendment, to be offered by Mr. Thomas on March 30, would add restrictions on state party soft money spending and drop coverage of non-profit groups from the prohibition on involuntary use of funds for political purposes. The bill that has generated the most publicity in the 105th Congress is S. 25 (McCain-Feingold), as revised September 29, 1997,¹ introduced in the House as H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan). This report summarizes and compares H.R. 3485 with amendment, S. 25 as revised (H.R. 3526), and current law.

Current law	H.R. 3485 (Thomas), with amendment	S. 25 (McCain-Feingold)/ H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan)
	SOURCES OF FUNDS	
	PACs	
No provision	Protects confidentiality of small donors or decliners to union or corporate PAC solicitations	No provision

Table 1. Comparison of H.R. 3485, S. 25, and Current Law

¹ Cloture votes on S. 25 failed in the Senate on October 7, 8, and 9, 1997. In February 1998, the bill was offered as a floor amendment to S. 1663 (Lott) and further modified by the Snowe-Jeffords amendment; a cloture vote on this new version of the McCain-Feingold bill failed in the Senate February 26, 1998. This report is based on the current version of S. 25, *not* the modified floor amendment of February, and the identical H.R. 3526.

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Current law	H.R. 3485 (Thomas), with amendment	S. 25 (McCain-Feingold)/ H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan)		
	Individuals			
<i>To candidates:</i> \$1,000 per election	\$2,000 per election	No provision		
<i>To state & local parties:</i> \$5,000 per year	\$15,000 per year	\$10,000 per year		
<i>To national party:</i> \$20,000 per year	\$60,000 per year	No provision		
<i>Aggregate annual limit:</i> \$25,000	\$75,000	\$30,000		
Limits not indexed for inflation	Indexes limits to 1999 base	No provision		
	Parties			
<i>To candidates:</i> \$5,000 per election Limits not indexed for inflation	\$15,000 per election Indexes limits to 1999 base	No provision No provision		
	Candidates			
No limits on candidate spending from personal funds	If candidate exceeds individual limit, up to \$150,000, in House general election: Lifts party contribution limit for opponent, up to amount above individual limit If candidate exceeds \$150,000	Prohibits party coordinated expenditures for Senate (or House) general election candidate who exceeds voluntary limit of \$50,000 in personal & family funds		
	<i>in House general election:</i> Lifts party & individual contribution limits (incl. aggregate annual limit) & raises PAC limit by 10 times for all candidates, up to amount over \$150,000			
	<i>If candidate exceeds</i> \$150,000 <i>in House primary election:</i> Lifts individual contribution limit (not incl. aggregate annual limit) & raises PAC limit by 10 times for all candidates, up to amount over \$150,000			
Law bans personal use of campaign funds, as defined in FEC regulations	No provision	Codifies regulations on permissible use of campaign funds		

Current law	H.R. 3485 (Thomas), with amendment	S. 25 (McCain-Feingold)/ H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan)
	SOFT MONEY	
	Party soft money	
No limits on national party receipt of soft money	Bans national parties from soliciting, receiving, directing, transferring, or spending soft money	Bans national parties from soliciting, receiving, directing, transferring, or spending soft money
State parties must follow allocation formulae in FEC regulations for determining appropriate share of hard & soft money for mixed (federal- state-local) activities	 Bans use of soft money by state parties on mixed activities, aimed at influencing federal and non-federal elections (<i>e.g.</i>, voter registration, get-out-the-vote drives, and general political advertising) Bans transfers of non-federally-permissible funds between state parties 	- Bans state/local parties from spending soft money for: registration drives in last 120 days of federal election; voter ID, get-out-the-vote drives, & generic activity if federal candidate is on ballot; & messages that refer to federal candidate with intent of election influence - Allows soft money on solely non-federal activities
No provision	No provision	No soft money to raise funds
Disclosure by national parties since 1991 FEC regulations	No provision	Codifies & increases disclosure requirements
Contributions to party building funds are exempt from FECA definition of contribution	No provision	Removes building fund exemption for national parties
	Candidate soft money raising	
No provision	Bans federal candidates & officials raising: soft money for federal election; money from sources beyond federal restrictions in non-federal races; & soft money for messages that identify federal candidates; exempts attendance at state/local party fundraisers in home state	Prohibits federal candidates & officials from raising soft money for any federal election activity; exempts attendance at state/local party fundraisers
	Non-party soft money	
Under <i>Beck</i> and other court rulings, dues-paying non- members have right to disallow political use of their funds	Requires pre-authorization for unions' political use of dues, fees, or payments from members or non-members	Requires unions to notify dues- paying non-members (Beck workers) of rights to disallow political use of their funds
No provision	Requires pre-authorization from corporate & national bank employees & stockholders for political use of dues, fees, or payments as condition of employment	No provision
No provision	Corporate stockholders may withhold % share of stocks used for expected political spending, per annual notice	No provision

Current law	H.R. 3485 (Thomas), with amendment	S. 25 (McCain-Feingold)/ H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan)	
No union or corporate disclosure for exempt activities, except internal communications above \$2,000 per election	No provision	Requires disclosure of exempt activities (incl. internal communications referring to federal candidate only), above \$50,000 per year	
No provision	Denies public funding to presidential candidates who raise soft money	No provision	
	Tax-exempt activity		
No provision	No provision	Bans parties from raising money for or giving to tax- exempt groups	
	ISSUE ADVOCACY		
Based on court rulings, only spending for communications that use express advocacy language (e.g., vote for, defeat) are subject to disclosure rules, source limits & prohibitions of FECA Expenditure defined in FECA as money spent to influence a federal election	Requires FEC disclosure of spending and sources of funds for communications that identify federal candidates or parties within 90 days of election, over \$250 threshold	 Defines express advocacy, as communications for or against candidate by explicit language that in context can have no other reasonable meaning; paid broadcast citing a candidate within 60 days of election, or unmistakable, unambiguous election advocacy, taken as a whole, with limited reference to external events Voter guide exemption Amends definition to incl. payment for message with express advocacy, or refers to clearly identified candidate 	
		(coordinated), to influence	
federal election INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES			
Prohibits cooperation and	No provision	Tightens definition of what	
coordination of independent expenditures with candidates	r. r.	constitutes coordination and cooperation	
Based on 1996 <i>Colorado</i> ruling, parties may make independent expenditures for candidates (without limit)	No provision	Prohibits parties from making both coordinated and independent expenditures for a general election candidate	
Requires prompt disclosure in last 20 days of election	No provision	Augments disclosure of large expenditures near election	

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FOREIGN NATIONAL MONEY			
Federal law ban contributions from foreign nationals or raising such funds in connection with U.S. elections; exempts permanent resident aliens (with green cards)	 Ends green card exemption Bans foreign national independent expenditures or soft money donations Doubles penalties for violations 	Bans direct or indirect foreign national contributions, including soft money, in connection with any election	
FEI	DERAL ELECTION COMMISS	ION	
	Disclosure		
Optional electronic filing	Requires electronic filing by all committees above \$50,000 per year	Requires electronic filing by all committees above FEC- determined level, with Internet posting within 24 hours	
No provision	Candidates may disclose all activity in 24 hours in last 90 days; prompt Internet posting	No provision	
Candidates must disclose in 48 hours \$1000+ contributions in last 20 days of election	Candidates must make such notice within 24 hours	No provision	
Independent expenditures of \$1000+ must be disclosed in 24 hours in last 20 days	FEC must receive such notices within 24 hours of being made	No provision	
Candidate disclosure on calendar year basis	Candidate disclosure on election cycle basis	No provision	
No provision	Requires reports on payments of \$500+ by secondary payees	No provision	
Law requires post-election reports	Requires aggregate totals through election on reports	No provision	
Contributions of \$200+ must incl. name, address, occupation, & employer; best efforts required to obtain information	Requires candidate reports to show cumulative amounts received from itemized contributors	 Prohibits candidates from depositing contributions over \$200 without required ID Lowers itemization threshold to \$50 for contributions 	
No provision	Requires disclosure of push polls within 90 days of election if results are not made public	No provision	
FEC may audit only if it has reason to believe a violation occurred	No provision	Allows random audits of campaigns within 12 months after election	
Enforcement			
Ambiguities in law may be clarified through FEC advisory opinions, issued with majority support of commissioners	 Allows written responses to written requests where law is unambiguous Requires FEC to publish & index responses Provides safe harbor protection for anyone acting in good faith, based on response 	No provision	
FEC required to notify object of a complaint	Enhances notice with assertion that object of complaint has not been found guilty	No provision	

Current law	H.R. 3485 (Thomas), with amendment	S. 25 (McCain-Feingold)/ H.R. 3526 (Shays-Meehan)
FEC may initiate enforcement action with "reason to believe" a violation may have occurred	Changes FEC criteria to "reason to investigate" standard	Changes FEC criteria to "reason to investigate" standard
<i>Penalties:</i> maximums are prescribed in election law	Indexes penalties for inflation	 Increases knowing and willful violation penalties Automatic late filing penalties Equitable remedies in conciliation agreements
Law specifies timetable for enforcement actions	No provision	Expedites FEC enforcement procedures late in election
FEC may refer suspected violations to Justice only if probable cause to believe a violation has occurred	No provision	Allows FEC referrals at any time
	MISCELLANEOUS	
No provision	 Barriers to vote fraud: Pilot programs on voter eligibility confirmation Incl. citizenship & naturalization information on registration forms (unless waived by states) Allows address checks on recent non-voters 	No provision
FECA bans solicitation of campaign funds, as defined, from federal govt. buildings	No provision	Includes raising soft money in ban on solicitation from government buildings
No provision	<i>Push poll</i> sponsors must identify selves to respondents	No provision
Imposes penalties on publicly- funded presidential candidates who evade voluntary spending limits and, in general election, raise private funds	Increases fines on presidential candidates seeking to evade spending limits by raising non- public funds	No provision
Bans cash contributions over \$100	Bans receipt of such contributions	No provision
Bans House franked mass mailings 90 days from election	No provision	Bans franked mass mailings in Member's election year
Requires disclaimers on broadcast and print ads	No provision	Enhances disclaimer requirements
No provision	No provision	Bans false representation to raise funds
No provision	No provision	Bans non-candidate committee use of candidate names
No provision	No provision	Bans donations by individuals 17 years & younger