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Senate Committees: Categories and Rules for Committee Assignments

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Senate Rule XXV and party conference rules address committee assignments. Senate Rule XXV, paragraphs 2 and 3 establish categories of committees, popularly referred to as "A", "B", and "C", that condition assignment rules.

| A COMMITTEES | B COMMITTEES | C COMMITTEES |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry | Budget | Select Ethics |
| | Rules and Administration | Indian Affairs |
| Appropriations | Small Business | Joint Taxation |
| Armed Services | Veterans' Affairs | (Joint Library and Joint |
| Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs | Special Aging | Printing are not listed, but are treated as C committees for assignment purposes) |
| Commerce, Science and Transportation | Select Intelligence | for assignment purposes) |
| Energy and Natural Resources | Joint Economic Committee | |
| Environment and Public Works | | |
| Finance | | |
| Foreign Relations | | |
| Governmental Affairs | | |
| Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions | | |
| Judiciary | | |

Number of Assignments: Senate Rule XXV, paragraph 4, places restrictions on committee membership based on these categories.

- Each Senator shall serve on two committees, and no more than two, in Class A.
- Each Senator may serve on one committee, but no more than one, in Class B.
- Each Senator may serve on one or more committees in Class C.

Limitations on Assignments:

- *Super "A" or "Big Four" Committees*: Democratic and Republican members are prohibited from serving on more than one among the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, Finance, and Foreign Relations pursuant to party rules.
- Republican Members from the same state are prohibited from serving on the same committee by Republican Conference rule. Democrats adhere to the same prohibition, but by tradition.
- Service on the Select Intelligence Committee is limited to no more than eight years of continuous service, as provided in the resolution creating the committee.

Limitations on Chairmanships: Republican Conference rules address limitations on committee leadership positions for Republicans whether or not they are in the majority. Democratic Conference rules may also address these limitations; however, their rules are not publicly available.

- A chair/ranking member of an "A" committee may not serve as chair or ranking member of any other committee, except the chair/ranking member of the Finance Committee may chair the Joint Committee on Taxation.
- A chair/ranking member of an "A" committee may not serve as chair/ranking member of any subcommittees. Appropriations subcommittee chairmanships are exempt.
- A chair/ranking member of a "non-A" committee may not serve as chair/ranking member of any other committee, except the chair/ranking member of the Rules and Administration Committee may chair the Joint Printing or Joint Library Committee.
- A chair/ranking member of a "non-A" committee, excluding Ethics, may not serve as chair/ranking member of more than one subcommittee. Appropriations subcommittee chairmanships are not exempt.
- The chair/vice chair of the Ethics Committee may serve on no more than two standing subcommittees.
- A Senator may not serve as chair/ranking member of more than two subcommittees.
- A Senator shall not serve more than 6 years as chair and 6 years as ranking member of any standing committee, effective January 1997.