

# Resources for Tracking Federal COVID-19 Spending

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Congress has responded to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic with supplemental appropriations measures providing relief and assistance to individuals and families, state and local governments, businesses, health care providers, and other entities.

This report provides selected sources for tracking COVID-19 relief and assistance spending. It contains links to and information on government sources detailing spending amounts at various levels, including consolidated spending by multiple government agencies, spending by individual government agencies, and spending for specific recipients and geographies. The sources themselves are large government databases, individual agencies, oversight entities, and selected nongovernmental entities that attempt to repackage information on spending amounts obtained from available government sources.

Due to the continually evolving nature of information provided by sources that track federal COVID-19 spending, this report may be updated frequently. Data currency varies among sources.

For general information on resources for tracking federal funds, see CRS Report R44027, *Tracking Federal Awards: USAspending.gov and Other Data Sources*, by Jennifer Teefy.

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# Consolidated Data on COVID-19 Funding

## USAspending.gov

[USAspending.gov](https://www.usaspending.gov) tracks federal contract and grant awards, loans, direct payments, and other federal assistance at the state, congressional district, and local levels. As mandated by an Office of Management and Budget [memorandum](#), federal agencies must include specific COVID-19 spending in their reporting for the database. It provides a [description of known data limitations](#), which explains that data by location for some programs are not fully reported in USAspending.gov, such as the Department of Labor’s unemployment relief and the Department of Health and Human Services’ Provider Relief Fund. Users can view COVID-19 spending data through the following features:

- **COVID-19 Profile Page** provides an overview of the federal funding response to COVID-19. It includes details on total obligations and outlays by agency, federal accounts, and object classes. An interactive map shows obligations and outlays through grants, contracts, loans, and other assistance by state. Users can also see obligations and outlays through different award types by agency and by Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) program. These data are updated monthly, and there is generally currency lag time of one or two months.
- **Advanced Search** allows for searching awards and other assistance by place of performance and includes a filter for “Disaster Emergency Fund Code (DEFC).” The DEFC filter includes the option for searching all COVID-19-related awards and expands to allow further filtering by specific funding bill. The search results table contains columns showing COVID-19 obligations and outlays for each award. Agencies must report awards data monthly, and new data are posted to the site daily.
- **Data Lab** is a tool for further exploring COVID-19 spending and provides graphics showing (1) the types of relief the federal government is providing, (2) how funds move from Congress to the public, and (3) data on the amount of funding that has been spent. Part 3, “Tracking Spending,” contains interactive graphs showing the progress of spending by agency under each funding bill, including outlays, obligations, and unobligated funds. Detailed data on funding by agency account can be downloaded into a spreadsheet. These data are updated quarterly.

For general information on USAspending.gov, including searching tips, see CRS In Focus IF10231, *Tracking Federal Awards in States and Congressional Districts Using USAspending.gov*, by Jennifer Teefy.

## Pandemic Response Accountability Committee

The Pandemic Response Accountability Committee (PRAC), a federal entity created by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act; [P.L. 116-136](#)),<sup>1</sup> presents COVID-19 funding data from USAspending.gov through a variety of interactive visual displays. The “Track the Money” page features the following:

<sup>1</sup> The CARES Act created two additional oversight entities: (1) the Special Inspector General for Pandemic Recovery (SIGPR), at <https://www.sigpr.gov/> and (2) the Congressional Oversight Commission, at <https://coc.senate.gov/>.

- **Funding Overview** includes graphics showing funding by category—such as state, local, and tribal governments, higher education, and small businesses—and agency funding by category.
- **Funding Charts and Graphs** include several portals through which to view funding data. The **Pandemic Response Funding** portal presents obligation and spending data in graphs and tables from various perspectives, including “Where is the money being spent?,” “Who is spending the money?,” and “How is the money being spent?” Users can also filter the data by agency or location (i.e., country, state, county, city, and zip code). The **Federal Agency Information** portal provides a high-level view of spending by agency. See descriptions of the **Coronavirus Relief Fund** and **Paycheck Protection Program** portals in the “State and Local Governments” and “Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations” sections below, respectively.
- **Funding Map** allows users to view award data by geographic area (state, county, congressional district, and zip code), award amount, and by funding type. The map’s zoom tool enables users to focus on data for individual zip codes.
- **Data Exports** tool allows users to filter data by agency, location, type of assistance, or keyword and provides several downloading options by category.

PRAC also provides a graphic showing the distribution of funds by major category for pandemic relief enacted in Divisions M and N of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (P.L. 116-260), which was signed into law on December 27, 2020.

PRAC’s website is integrated with the [Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency](#)’s website, the federal inspector general community’s oversight and coordination body. For more information, see CRS Insight IN11343, *The Pandemic Response Accountability Committee: Organization and Duties*, by Ben Wilhelm.

## Government Accountability Office

Government Accountability Office’s (GAO’s) June 2020 report, *COVID-19: Opportunities to Improve Federal Response and Recovery Efforts*, includes detailed updates on the allocation of obligated funds within categories such as relief for health care providers, COVID-19 testing, unemployment insurance, housing protections, and education. See Appendix III for allocation information. Another [GAO report](#) provides an overview of contracting activity related to COVID-19 and focuses on the agencies that account for most of these obligations. GAO also issued a brief update on the initial federal response to the pandemic, which includes data as of June 30, 2020, on federal funding and spending by broad areas, such as business loan programs, unemployment insurance, and economic impact payments. Subsequent updates provide data on obligations and expenditures in broad categories as of [September 30, 2020](#), and [November 30, 2020](#), and for specific programs and activities as of various dates.

# COVID-19 Funding by Type of Recipient

## Selected Programs for State and Local Governments

### *Coronavirus Relief Fund*

The [Coronavirus Relief Fund \(CRF\)](#) provides \$150 billion in direct assistance to state, territorial, local, and tribal governments based on population. See CRS Report R46298, *General State and Local Fiscal Assistance and COVID-19: Background and Available Data*, by Grant A. Driessen. For specific allocations to states, see [Table 1](#). Treasury provides CRF interim reports on

- costs incurred by [state and local recipients](#) and the [District of Columbia and territories](#) through June 30, 2020, and
- costs by *category* incurred by state and local recipients and the District of Columbia and territories through June 30, 2020.

PRAC’s “Track the Money” page features tools for tracking CRF funding to prime and sub-recipients by state, including an interactive map and filtering options. PRAC also provides information about recipient reporting and data limitations.

Additionally, the [National Conference of State Legislatures](#) provides descriptions of and links to [state CRF oversight plans](#) and a [database](#) detailing state CRF actions.

### *Emergency Rental Assistance Program (ERAP)*

The ERAP makes \$25 billion available to states, U.S. territories, local governments, and Indian tribes to assist households that are unable to pay rent and utilities due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Treasury Department provides information on allocations to each state and territory. Additionally, Treasury provides further data on ERAP payments to states and local units of government and to tribes and tribally designated housing entities (TDHE). For more information, see CRS Report R46688, *Emergency Rental Assistance through the Coronavirus Relief Fund*, by Grant A. Driessen, Maggie McCarty, and Libby Perl.

### *Unemployment Compensation*

Several unemployment relief measures were enacted in response to COVID-19. The Department of Labor’s Employment and Training Administration provides updated data on funding by state through each of these programs.

### *Municipal Liquidity Facility*

The Federal Reserve (Fed) established the Municipal Liquidity Facility to help state and local governments better manage cash flow pressures in order to continue to serve households and businesses in their communities. See more about this and other Fed programs in the next section, “Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations.”

State and local budget offices may also be resources for information related to COVID-19 spending; publicly available information may vary from one jurisdiction to another.

## Businesses and Nonprofit Organizations

The Small Business Administration (SBA) periodically [publishes reports and data on its programs](#), including data on approved loans for programs supporting disaster assistance and recovery:

- **Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL).** SBA provides data on the number and amounts of [approved EIDL loans and EIDL Advances \(or Emergency EIDL grants\)](#) by state.
- **Paycheck Protection Program (PPP).** SBA provides information on loans of \$150,000 and above and on loans of less than \$150,000, including borrowers' names, loan amounts, addresses, and congressional districts. These data are in spreadsheet format and can be downloaded via zip files. Another PPP data source is PRAC's "Track the Money" page, which features interactive graphics and filtering options for tracking PPP loan data by country, state, county, city, and zip code.

For information on programs supporting small businesses that are administered from other federal agencies, see CRS Insight IN11301, *Small Businesses and COVID-19: Relief and Assistance Resources*, by Maria Kreiser.

Treasury Department and Federal Reserve programs:

- **Treasury's Payroll Support Program** supports passenger air carriers, cargo air carriers, and certain contractors for continuing payment of employee wages, salaries, and benefits. Treasury provides [data tables on payments to recipients by city and state](#).<sup>2</sup>
- **Treasury's Loan Program** provides loans to passenger air carriers, cargo air carriers, and businesses critical to national security. Press releases indicate that loans to [major airlines](#) and [companies certified to be critical to maintaining national security](#) have been approved. Full [transaction details](#), including the borrower's city and state, are posted on the Treasury website within 72 hours after a transaction is completed.<sup>3</sup>
- **The Federal Reserve (Fed)** had access to CARES Act funds to provide [emergency funding, credit, liquidity, and loans](#) to businesses as well as nonprofit organizations (through the Main Street Lending Program).<sup>4</sup> The Fed's website includes [reporting on these programs](#) and, in some cases, transaction-specific disclosures.

For information on Treasury- and Fed-facilitated business assistance programs, see CRS Report R46329, *Treasury and Federal Reserve Financial Assistance in Title IV of the CARES Act (P.L. 116-136)*, coordinated by Andrew P. Scott; and CRS Insight IN11368, *Larger Businesses and COVID-19: Financial Relief and Assistance Resources*, by Julie Jennings.

<sup>2</sup> The borrower's location is the address from its application and may not include all locations in which the recipient operates.

<sup>3</sup> The borrower's location is the address from its application and may not include all locations in which the recipient operates.

<sup>4</sup> Some programs either have ended or will end by March 31, 2021. See CRS Insight IN11368, *Larger Businesses and COVID-19: Financial Relief and Assistance Resources*, by Julie Jennings for more information.

## Individuals

Several COVID-19 measures provided economic relief to individuals and families through direct [economic impact payments](#). The Internal Revenue Service provides [statistics](#) on the first round of payments (made through the CARES Act) by adjusted gross income, state, and marital status. See CRS Report R46415, *CARES Act (P.L. 116-136) Direct Payments: Resources and Experts*, coordinated by Margot L. Crandall-Hollick.

## Grant Awards on Selected Federal Agency Websites

Several agencies provide information on COVID-19-related grant awards.

- **Department of Health and Human Services** maintains a [COVID-19 funding overview website](#) that [provides details on COVID-19-related grant awards](#) and allows for filtering by state and city. Each award in the table under the “COVID-19 Award Details For Emergency Supplemental Appropriation Funding” heading is linked to one of the funding bills referenced above. The website also provides state- and city-level funding data for the [Provider Relief Fund](#), [Rural Health Clinic \(RHC\) COVID-19 Testing Fund](#), and the [Uninsured Relief Fund](#).
- **Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)** released details on [obligations to each state](#) as of June 9, 2020, including data on FEMA-coordinated delivery of medical and personal protective equipment. Additionally, FEMA’s COVID-19 news releases include grant award announcements.
- **Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)** provides [information on CARES Act funding at the state, county, and city levels](#) for the [Community Development Block Grant](#) program, the [Emergency Solutions Grants](#) program, and the [Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS](#) program. HUD also announced specific allocations to [tribal communities](#) and [Fair Housing Assistance Program agencies](#).
- **Department of Labor (DOL)** provides information on [approved funding from Disaster Recovery Dislocated Worker Grants](#), by recipient state agency. DOL’s Employment and Training Administration announces [workforce-related grant awards](#) via press releases.
- **Department of Commerce’s** Economic Development Administration posts [press releases related to CARES Act assistance](#).
- **National Science Foundation** identifies COVID-19-related awards in its [awards database](#) by searching for the keywords “covid” or “coronavirus.” Filtering by state is available.

## Other Resources

The following resources offer additional perspectives on COVID-19 funding. CRS has not independently verified the data provided by these sources.

- **Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget’s** [COVID Money Tracker](#) features papers, blogs, spreadsheets, data visualizations, and an interactive database for tracking funds.



- **Project on Government Oversight’s COVID-19 relief spending tracker** includes an interactive map showing spending by state, county, and zip code, as well as population breakdowns by race and ethnicity and unemployment rates at each geographic level. Users can also filter data in table format by location, recipient, award type, industry, and program.
- **Rockefeller Institute of Government’s COVID-19 State Relief Dashboard** is an interactive tool for viewing state allocation data for programs such as CRF and PPP.
- **Peter G. Peterson Foundation** tracks funding to each state by major COVID-19 programs, such as economic impact payments, unemployment assistance, and the Paycheck Protection Program.
- **Federal Funds Information for States (FFIS)** is a subscription-only service attempting to track federal funding to states—including funding from the COVID-19 relief bills. Many state governments subscribe to FFIS. Information is limited for nonsubscribers.

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