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# Native American Heritage Month: Fact Sheet

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## Introduction

Native American Heritage Month (also known as National American Indian Heritage Month) celebrates the contributions and achievements of Native Americans.

November was first designated as National American Indian Heritage Month on August 3, 1990, by P.L. 101-343, To authorize and request the President to proclaim the month of November 1990, and thereafter as “Native American Indian Heritage Month.” Since then, Presidents have issued annual proclamations promoting this observance.

On June 26, 2009, P.L. 111-33, Native American Heritage Day Act of 2009, designated the Friday after Thanksgiving as Native American Heritage Day.

This guide assists congressional offices with work related to Native American Heritage Month celebrations. It provides links to sample congressional speeches and recognitions, presidential proclamations, statistical data, cultural resources, and selected federal agencies and programs that focus on Native American issues. This guide also includes links to selected educational and advocacy organizations.

## Sample Congressional Speeches and Recognitions

Members of Congress often make floor statements, issue press releases, and enter Extensions of Remarks into the *Congressional Record* to recognize federal holidays. The following are some recent examples that may be of assistance in preparing such statements:

- Representative Don Bacon, “Recognizing National Native American Heritage Month,” remarks in the House, *Congressional Record* (November 2, 2021)
- Representative Carolyn B. Maloney, “Statement on Native American Heritage Month,” press release on Representative Maloney’s website (November 2, 2020)
- Representative Markwayne Mullin, “Celebrating Our Heritage,” column on Representative Mullin’s website (November 20, 2019)
- Representative Deb Haaland, “Native American Heritage Month,” remarks in the House, *Congressional Record* (September 19, 2019)
- Representative Tom O’Halloran, “National Native American Heritage Month,” remarks in the House, *Congressional Record* (November 30, 2017)
- Representative Betty McCollum, “National Native American Heritage Month,” Extension of Remarks, *Congressional Record* (November 19, 2015)
- Senator John Thune “Celebrating Native American Heritage Month,” Op-Ed on Senator Thune’s website (November 14, 2014)

## Presidential Proclamations

One of the uses of a presidential proclamation is to honor a group or call attention to certain issues or events. Proclamations commemorating Native American Heritage Month include the following:

- Presidential Proclamation—Joseph R. Biden, Jr. (2021-)
- Presidential Proclamations—Donald J. Trump (2017-2021)
- Presidential Proclamations—Barack H. Obama (2009–2017)
- Presidential Proclamations—George W. Bush (2001–2009)

Earlier presidential proclamations are available through the Government Publishing Office website at [govinfo.gov](https://govinfo.gov).

## **Statistics**

Federal statistics on the American Indian population are available at

- Facts for Features: American Indian and Alaska Native Heritage Month: November 2022, Census Bureau  
Statistics on population, reservations, tribes, families, housing, languages, education, veterans, income, and health insurance
- American Indian and Alaska Native Data Links, Census Bureau  
Includes population snapshot and detailed reports
- Health of American Indian or Alaska Native Population, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## **Native American Heritage Month Cultural Resources**

Numerous government resources provide information on the history and culture of the holiday. Some of these include the following:

- Native American Heritage Month, collaborative site of multiple federal agencies
- National Native American Heritage Month, Bureau of Indian Affairs
- Native American Heritage Month, National Park Service
- National Register of Historic Places: National American Indian Heritage Month, National Park Service
- National Museum of the American Indian, Smithsonian Institution

## **Selected Federal Agencies and Programs**

- Federally Recognized Indian Tribes and Resources for Native Americans, USA.gov  
Includes sections on cultural, housing, and legal resources
- Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior
- Administration for Native Americans, an Office of the Administration for Children and Families, Department of Health and Human Services
- Indian Health Service, Department of Health and Human Services
- Office of Indian Education, U.S. Department of Education

## **Educational, Cultural, and Advocacy Organizations**

Numerous nongovernmental organizations provide information on and promote advocacy for Native Americans. Some of these include the following:

- Association on American Indian Affairs
- First Nations Development Institute
- National Congress of American Indians
- National Urban Indian Family Coalition

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