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Foreign Terrorist Organization (FTO)

The Foreign Terrorist Organization List

Congress has shown recurring interest in the administration of the State Department's FTO list and its application to groups that the U.S. government considers to be undertaking terrorism-related activities. At various times, Members or committees have expressed the desire to add suspected terrorist groups to the FTO list, designate drug cartels as an FTO, or revise legislation to allow other entities to be considered as an FTO.

The State Department's Bureau of Counterterrorism (CT) is responsible for identifying entities for designation as an FTO. Prior to doing so, the Department is obligated to demonstrate that the entity in question engages in "terrorist activity," as defined in Section 212 (a)(3)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) (8 U.S.C. §1182(a)(3)(B)), or "terrorism," as defined in Section 140(d)(2) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act (FRAA), Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989 (FRAA) (22 U.S.C. §2656f(d)(2)), or retains the capability and intent to engage in terrorist activity or terrorism. When assessing entities for possible designation, CT looks not only at the actual terrorist attacks that a group has carried out, but also at whether the group has engaged in planning, preparations, and funding for possible future acts of terrorism or retains the capability and intent to carry out such acts.

Terrorist activity, as defined in the INA, specifically focuses on many types of violent activities or terrorist support efforts that could affect U.S. security interests. This definition does not address the motivations or goals of the perpetrators of the attack. However, the second aspect of these criteria for FTO designation, "terrorism," as provided in the FRAA, approaches the issue from the motivations of the aggressor and the targets of the violent activity. The FRAA defines terrorism as "premeditated, politically motivated violence perpetrated against noncombatant targets by subnational groups or clandestine agents."

FTO Designation Criteria

Entities placed on the FTO list are suspected of engaging in terrorism-related activities. By designating an entity as an FTO, the United States seeks to limit the group's financial, property, and travel interests. Per Section 219 of the INA, as amended via Section 302 of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996, the Secretary of State must demonstrate that the entity of concern has met the three criteria to allow the Department to designate it as an FTO. The suspected terrorist group must

- be a foreign organization,
- engage in or retain the capability and intent to engage in terrorism, and
- threaten the security of U.S. nationals or the national defense, foreign relations, or the economic interests of the United States.

Consequences of Designation

- It is unlawful for a person in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to knowingly provide "material support or resources" to a designated FTO.
- Representatives and members of a designated FTO, if they are aliens, are inadmissible to, and in certain circumstances removable from, the United States.
- The Secretary of the Treasury may require U.S. financial institutions possessing or controlling any assets of a designated FTO to block all transactions involving those assets.

FTO designation further

- supports U.S. efforts to curb terrorism financing and to encourage other nations to do the same;
- stigmatizes and isolates designated terrorist organizations internationally;
- deters donations or contributions to and economic transactions with named organizations;
- heightens public awareness and knowledge of terrorist organizations; and
- signals to other governments U.S. concern about named organizations.

FTO Revocation Process

The INA sets out three possible bases for revoking an FTO designation:

- The Secretary of State must revoke a designation if the Secretary finds that the circumstances that were the basis of the designation have changed in such a manner as to warrant a revocation.
- The Secretary of State must revoke a designation if the Secretary finds that the national security of the United States warrants a revocation.
- The Secretary of State may revoke a designation at any time.

Since its inception, numerous entities have been placed on and removed from the FTO list. Some entities have been listed, delisted, and relisted numerous times. Found below is a list of the entities currently designated as FTOs and groups that have been delisted. Relevant dates accompany the designations and delistings.

Entities Currently Designated as FTOs Date Designated		8/20/2014	20/2014 Mujahidin Shura Council in the Environs of Jerusalem (MSC)	
10/8/1997 Abu Nidal Organization (ANO)		9/30/2015 Jaysh Rijal al-Tariq al Naqshabandi (JRTN)		
10/0/1777	Abu Sayyaf Group (ASG)	1/14/2016		san (ISIL-K)
	Aum Shinrikyo (AUM)	5/20/2016		te of Iraq and the Levant's Branch in
	Basque Fatherland and Liberty (ETA)	3/20/2010		ISIL-Libya)
	Gama'a al-Islamiyya (Islamic Group) (IG)	7/1/2016	, ,	n the Indian Subcontinent
	HAMAS	8/17/2017		ahideen (HM)
	Harakat ul-Mujahidin (HUM)	2/28/2018	ISIS-Bangla	, ,
	Hizballah	2/28/2018	ISIS-Philipp	
	Kahane Chai (Kach)	2/28/2018	ISIS-West	
	Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK) (Kongra-Gel)	5/23/2018	ISIS-Greate	
	Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE)	7/11/2018	Al-Ashtar I	Brigades (AAB)
	National Liberation Army (ELN)	9/6/2018	Jama'at Nu	srat Al-Islam wal-Muslimin (JNIM)
	Palestine Liberation Front (PLF)	4/15/2019	Islamic Rev	olutionary Guard Corps (IRGC)
	Palestinian Islamic Jihad (PIJ)	1/10/2020	Asa'ib Ahl	al-Haq (AAH)
	Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine	1/14/2021	Harakat Sa	wa'd Misr (HASM)
	(PFLF)	3/11/2021	ISIS-DRC	
	PFLP-General Command (PFLP-GC)	3/11/2021	ISIS-Mozan	
	Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC)	12/1/2021	Segunda M	
	Revolutionary People's Liberation Party/Front	12/1/2021		ary Armed Forces of Colombia –
	(DHKP/C)		People's	s Army (FARC-EP)
10/0/1000	Shining Path (SL)	D 11 / 15		
10/8/1999	Al Qaeda (AQ)	Delisted F		. D D J
9/25/2000	Islamic Movement of Uzbekistan (IMU)	-		• Date Removed
5/16/2001 12/26/2001	Real Irish Republican Army (RIRA) Jaish-e-Mohammed (JEM)	10/8/1999 •	10/8/1997	Democratic Front for the Liberation
12/20/2001	Lashkar-e Tayyiba (LeT)			of Palestine -Hawatmeh Faction
3/27/2002	Al-Aqsa Martyrs Brigade (AAMB)			Khmer Rouge
3/2//2002	Asbat al-Ansar (AAA)			Manuel Rodriguez Patriotic Front Dissidents
	Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb (AQIM)	10/8/2001 •	10/8/1997	Japanese Red Army
8/9/2002	Communist Party of the Philippines/New People's	10/0/2001	10/0/1777	Tupac Amaru Revolution Movement
	Army (CPP/NPA)	10/0/1007 5/10/0000		
10/23/2002	Jemaah Islamiya (JI)	10/8/1997 • 5/18/2009		Revolutionary Nuclei
1/30/2003	Lashkar i Jhangvi (LJ)	10/8/1997 • 10/15/2010		Armed Islamic Group (GIA)
3/22/2004	Ansar al-Islam (AAI)	10/8/1997 • 9/28/2012		Mujahedin-e Khalq Organization
7/13/2004	Continuity Irish Republican Army (CIRA)			(MEK)
12/17/2004	Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (formerly	10/11/2005 • 5/28/2013		Moroccan Islamic Combatant Group
	Al Qaeda in Iraq)			(GICM)
6/17/2005	Islamic Jihad Union (IJU)	9/10/2001 • 7/15/2014		United Self Defense Forces of
3/5/2008	Harakat ul-Jihad-i-Islami/Bangladesh (HUJI-B)	10/8/1997 • 9/3/2015		Colombia
3/18/2008	al-Shabaab	10/8/1997 •	9/3/2015	Revolutionary Organization 17
5/18/2009	Revolutionary Struggle (RS)	12/17/2004 • 12/9/2015		November (17N)
7/2/2009	Kata'ib Hizballah (KH)	12/1//2004	• 12/9/2015	Libyan Islamic Fighting Group (LIFG)
1/19/2010	Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula (AQAP)	10/9/1007	4/1/2017	Aby Nidal Organization (ANO)
8/6/2010 9/1/2010	Harakat ul-Jihad-i-Islami (HUJI) Tehrik-e Taliban Pakistan (TTP)	10/8/1997 • 6/1/2017 1/19/2021 • 2/16/2021		Abu Nidal Organization (ANO) Ansarallah (Houthis)
11/4/2010	Jundallah	10/8/1997 • 12/1/2021		Revolutionary Armed Forces of
5/23/2011	Army of Islam (AOI)	10/0/1777	12/1/2021	Colombia (FARC)
9/19/2011	Indian Mujahedeen (IM)	10/8/1997 •	5/20/2022	Aum Shinrikyo (AUM)
3/13/2012	Jemaah Anshorut Tauhid (JAT)	10/8/1997 •		Basque Fatherland and Liberty (ETA)
5/30/2012	Abdallah Azzam Brigades (AAB)	10/8/1997 •		Gama'a al-Islamiyya (Islamic Group –
9/19/2012	Haqqani Network (HQN)			IG)
3/22/2013	Ansar al-Dine (AAD)	10/8/1997 •	5/20/2022	Kahane Chai (Kach)
11/14/2013	Boko Haram	8/20/2014 •	5/20/2022	Mujahidin Shura Council in the
	Ansaru			Environs of Jerusalem (MSC)
12/19/2013	al-Mulathamun Battalion			- , ,
1/13/2014	Ansar al-Shari'a in Benghazi			
	Ansar al-Shari'a in Darnah	John W. Rollins, Specialist in Terrorism and National		
	Ansar al-Shari'a in Tunisia	Security		
4/10/2014	ISIL Sinai Province (formally Ansar Bayt al-Maqdis)	-		IE10(12
5/15/2014	al-Nusrah Front			IF10613

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