## Medicare Payment for Rural or Geographically Isolated Hospitals

Medicare pays most acute-care hospitals under the inpatient prospective payment system (IPPS). Some IPPS hospitals receive payment adjustments, which may help address the potential financial distress associated with rural, geographically isolated, and low-volume hospitals. These Medicare payment designations are Sole Community Hospitals (SCHs), Medicare-Dependent Hospitals (MDHs), and Low-Volume Hospitals (LVHs). Other similar acute-care hospitals—Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs)—are paid based on reasonable cost, not under IPPS.



**Hospital-specific rate (HSR):** A per discharge payment based on a hospital's average operating costs for furnishing inpatient services to Medicare beneficiaries. In contrast, IPPS is a per discharge payment based on the national average operating cost of furnishing inpatient services to Medicare beneficiaries. Both HSR and IPPS use costs from statutorily defined reference years, trended forward. **Designations:** Mutually exclusive Not mutually exclusive "Total number of IPPS hospitals: 3, 155 (Excludes Maryland hospitals because they are exempt from IPPS.)
<sup>†</sup>Class ranges display only discrete values found in the data.

Sources: CRS analysis of relevant statute, regulations, and Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, "FY2024 Final Rule Impact File," www.cms.gov/medicare/ payment/prospective-payment-systems/acute-inpatient-pps/fy-2024-ipps-final-rule-home-page#Data; and Flex Monitoring Team, "CAH List," December 2023, www.flexmonitoring.org/historical-cah-data-0. The Flex Monitoring Team is an academic consortium funded by the Federal Office of Rural Health Policy. Information as of April 4, 2024. Prepared by Marco Villagrana, Analyst in Health Care Financing; John Gorman, Research Assistant; Mari Lee, Visual Information Specialist; and Molly Cox, Geospatial Information Systems Analyst.



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